

Tactical Team Audits

- I. Mission
 - a. A Tactical Team audit program is intended to provide a comprehensive and honest evaluation of a tactical team's mission readiness and overall capabilities.
- II. Background
 - a. Since its formation, CATO has conducted a number of tactical team audits.
 - b. Such reviews have also been carried out by the NTOA and individuals such as Capt. John Kolman (LASD ret.) and Sgt. Ron McCarthy (LAPD ret.)
 - c. These typically focus on a comprehensive audit of a tactical team but may also examine a specific critical incident.
- III. Specific purpose of an audit
 - a. Carry out an evaluation of an agency's critical incident response capabilities
 - b. Conduct an overall review of the SWAT Team
 - c. Provide the agency with specific recommendations for possible improvement
- IV. Foundational Aspects
 - a. A tactical audit uses various sources as a "base line" for the review
 - i. CATO training courses and guidelines
 - ii. NTOA SWAT Team guidelines
 - iii. California POST SWAT guidelines
 - iv. California POST Safety guidelines
 - v. Experience and knowledge of the Audit Team members and others
 - vi. General findings from prior audits
- V. Focus of effort
 - a. Policies/Standard Operating Procedures
 - b. Facilities
 - c. Weapons
 - d. Ammunition/Munitions
 - e. Vehicles
 - f. Equipment
 - g. Training
 - h. Operational issues
 - i. Documentation
 - j. Crisis Negotiations
 - k. Tactical Dispatchers and other support resources
- VI. Policies/Standard Operating Procedures
 - a. General policies such as Use of Force, etc.
 - b. Specific SWAT policies
 - c. Team organization
 - d. Activation
 - e. Threat Matrix or similar
 - f. Physical Fitness requirements
 - g. SOPs the provide oversight for the team's functions
 - h. Job descriptions: Team Commander, Team Leader, operator, precision rifle, etc.
 - i. Selection, retention and removal

- VII. Facilities
 - a. SWAT Armory
 - b. Equipment room
 - c. Vehicle storage
- VIII. Weapons
 - a. Service life and maintenance
 - b. Individual rifles & Handguns
 - c. Team weapons such as 40mm launchers
- IX. Ammunition/munitions
 - a. Training vs. Duty
 - b. Shelf life
 - c. Proper storage
- X. Vehicles
 - a. SWAT truck
 - b. Armored Rescue Vehicle (ARV)
 - c. Support vehicles
- XI. Equipment
 - a. Individual
 - b. Team equipment
- XII. Training
 - a. POST Core competencies
 - b. Mission specific training
 - c. Training v. Qualification
 - d. Safety protocols
- XIII. Operational issues
 - a. Planning
 - b. Operational plans
 - c. Debriefing
- XIV. Documentation
 - a. Training
 - i. Lesson plans and training/qualification documentation
 - ii. Individual and team training records
 - b. Operational
 - i. Department reports
 - ii. After Action Reports
- XV. Crisis Negotiations
 - a. Policies/SOP's
 - b. Integration with the SWAT Team
 - c. Equipment
 - d. Training
- XVI. Tactical Dispatchers & other support resources
 - a. Policies/SOP's
 - b. Command post integration
 - c. Equipment

d. Training

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